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11	LAURI VALJAKKA		
12			
13	AN ENTE VINCEN CE		
14	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA OAKLAND DIVISION		
15			
16	OARLAN	DUVISION	
17			
18	LAURI VALJAKKA,	Case No.: 4:22-cv-01490-JST	
19	Plaintiff,	PLAINTIFF'S THIRD AMENDED	
20	V.	COMPLAINT	
21	NETTE IV. DIG		
22	NETFLIX, INC.,	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL	
	Defendant.		
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24			
25	DI-1-4-001		
26	Plaintiff Lauri Valjakka ("Lauri" or "Plaintiff"), files this Third Amended Complaint fo		
27	Patent Infringement against Netflix, Inc. ("Netflix" or "Defendant"), and would respectfully		
	show the Court of fellows		
28	show the Court as follows:		
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PARTIES

- Plaintiff is a citizen of Finland having an address located at Valtakatu 51,
 Vapaudenaukio Technopolis 2, 53100 Lappeenranta, Finland.
- 2. On information and belief, Defendant is a Delaware corporation with a principal address of 100 Winchester Cir., Los Gatos, CA 95032.
- 3. On information and belief, Defendant directly and/or indirectly develops, designs, manufactures, distributes, markets, offers to sell and/or sells infringing products and services in the United States, including in the Northern District of California, and otherwise directs infringing activities to this District in connection with its products and services.

JURISDICTION

- 4. This civil action arises under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. § 1 et seq., including without limitation 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, 281, 283, 284, and 285 based on Defendant's unauthorized commercial manufacture, use, importation, offer for sale, and sale of the Accused Products in the United States. This is a patent infringement lawsuit over which this Court has subject matter jurisdiction under, *inter alia*, 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1332, and 1338(a).
- 5. This United States District Court for the Northern District of California has general and specific personal jurisdiction over Defendant because, directly or through intermediaries, Defendant has committed acts within the District giving rise to this action and are present in and transact and conduct business in and with residents of this District and the State of California.
- 6. Plaintiff's causes of action arise, at least in part, from Defendant's contacts with and activities in this District and the State of California.

- 7. Defendant has committed acts of infringing the patents-in-suit within this District and the State of California by making, using, selling, offering for sale, and/or importing in or into this District and elsewhere in the State of California, products claimed by the patents-in-suit, including without limitation products made by practicing the claimed methods of the patents-in-suit. Defendant, directly and through intermediaries, makes, uses, sells, offers for sale, imports, ships, distributes, advertises, promotes, and/or otherwise commercializes such infringing products into this District and the State of California. Defendant regularly conducts and solicits business in, engages in other persistent courses of conduct in, and/or derives substantial revenue from goods and services provided to residents of this District and the State of California.
- 8. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant. Personal jurisdiction exists over Defendant because Defendant has minimum contacts with this forum as a result of business regularly conducted within the State of California and within this district, and, on information and belief, specifically as a result of, at least, committing the tort of patent infringement within California and this District. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant, in part, because Defendant does continuous and systematic business in this District, including by providing infringing products and services to the residents of the Northern District of California that Defendant knew would be used within this District, and by soliciting business from the residents of the Northern District of California. Also, Defendant has hired and is hiring within this District for positions that, on information and belief, relate to infringement of the patents-in-suit. Accordingly, this Court's jurisdiction over the Defendant comports with the constitutional standards of fair play and substantial justice and arises directly from the Defendant's purposeful minimum contacts with the State of California.

This Court also has personal jurisdiction over Defendant, because in addition to

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Defendant's own online website and advertising with this District, Defendant has also made its products available within this judicial district and advertised to residents within the District to hire employees to be located in this District.

10. The amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000 exclusive of interests and costs.

11. Venue is proper in this Court under 28 U.S.C. § 1400(b) based on information set forth herein, which is hereby repeated and incorporated by reference. Further, upon information and belief, Defendant has committed acts of infringement, and/or does advertise, market, sell, and/or offer to sell products, including infringing products, in this District. In addition, and without limitation, Defendant has regular and established places of business throughout this District.

THE PATENTS-IN-SUIT

- 12. On July 23, 2013, United States Patent No. 8,495,167 ("the '167 Patent"), entitled "Data Communications Networks, Systems, Methods and Apparatus" was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office ("USPTO"). The '167 Patent claims patent- eligible subject matter and is valid and enforceable. Lauri is the exclusive owner by assignment of all rights, title, and interest in the '167 Patent, including the right to bring this suit for damages, and including the right to sue and recover all past, present, and future damages for infringement of the '167 Patent. Defendant is not licensed to the '167 Patent, either expressly or implicitly, nor do they enjoy or benefit from any rights in or to the '167 patent whatsoever. A true and correct copy of the '167 patent is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**.
- 13. On July 28, 2020, United States Patent No. 10,726,102 ("the '102 Patent"), entitled "Method Of and System For Providing Access to Access Restricted Content to a User"

was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office ("USPTO"). The '102 Patent claims patent-eligible subject matter and is valid and enforceable. Lauri is the exclusive owner by assignment of all rights, title, and interest in the '102 Patent, including the right to bring this suit for damages, and including the right to sue and recover all past, present, and future damages for infringement of the '102 Patent. Defendant is not licensed to the '102 Patent, either expressly or implicitly, nor do they enjoy or benefit from any rights in or to the '102 patent whatsoever. A true and correct copy of the '102 patent is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**.

- 14. The '167 Patent and the '102 Patent are referred to herein as the "patents-insuit."
- 15. Plaintiff Lauri is the owner of the entire right, title, and interest in and to the patents-in-suit. The patents-in-suit are presumed valid under 35 U.S.C. § 282.

ACCUSED INSTRUMENTALITIES

16. The term "Accused Instrumentalities" or "Accused Products" refers to, by way of example and without limitation, Netflix's Open Connect program and Netflix websites (e.g. https://www.netflix.com).

COUNT I

PATENT INFRINGEMENT OF THE '167 PATENT

- 17. Plaintiff restates and realleges the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 18. Defendant has, under 35 U.S.C. §271(a), directly infringed, and continues to directly infringe, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, one or more claims,

including without limitation at least claim 1 of the '167 Patent, by making, using, testing,

selling, offering for sale and/or importing into the United States Defendant's Accused Products.

infringe one or more claims of the '167 Patent. Further, Defendant provides information and

demonstrations, and website materials encouraging its customers to purchase and instructing

them to use Defendant's Accused Products (which are acts of direct infringement of the '167

Patent). Alternatively, Defendant knows and/or will know that there is a high probability that

the importation, sale, offer for sale, and use of the Accused Products constitutes direct

technical support to its customers, including product manuals, brochures, videos,

Defendant has knowledge that its activities concerning the Accused Products

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11 infringement of the '167 Patent but took deliberate actions to avoid learning of these facts. 20. As outlined below, Defendant knew of the '167 Patent since at least October 14 2014. After learning of the '167 Patent in October 2014, Defendant infringed the patent through its use of and improvements made to products including, but not limited to, Netflix Open 16

21. In or about October 2014 Lauri Valjakka as CEO of SC Intelligent Holding OY sent a letter dated September 29, 2014 via United States Postal Service Certified Mail to Gregory K. Peters, Chief Streaming and Partnerships Officer of Netflix, informing him of the '167 Patent. A copy of the letter and receipt of delivery from October 2014 is attached herein as Exhibit D.

Connect. The '167 patent provided a strategic advantage to Defendant's patent portfolio.

22. Alternatively, if Defendant claims to not have knowledge of the '167 Patent by receiving the letter dated September 29, 2014, delivered to Netflix's headquarters, Defendant took action to avoid learning of the notice letter delivered to Defendant's headquarters and addressed to one of Defendant's Chief Officers.

- 23. On information and belief, Defendant has made no attempt to design around the claims of the '167 Patent.
- 24. On information and belief, Defendant did not have a reasonable basis for believing that the claims of the '167 Patent were invalid.
- 25. On information and belief, Defendant's Accused Products are available to businesses and individuals throughout the United States and in the State of California, including in this District.
 - 26. Lauri has been damaged as the result of Defendant's infringement.
- 27. The claim chart attached hereto as **Exhibit C** describes how the elements of an exemplary claim 1 from the '167 Patent are infringed by the Accused Products. This provides details regarding only one example of Defendant's infringement, and only as to a single patent claim. Plaintiff reserves its right to amend and fully provide its infringement arguments and evidence thereof until its Preliminary and Final Infringement Contentions are later produced according to the court's scheduling order in this case.

COUNT II

PATENT INFRINGEMENT OF THE '102 PATENT

- 28. Plaintiff restates and realleges the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 29. Defendant has, under 35 U.S.C. §271(a), directly infringed, and continues to directly infringe, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, one or more claims, including without limitation at least claim 10 of the '102 Patent, by making, using, testing, selling, offering for sale and/or importing into the United States Defendant's Accused Products.

- 30. Defendant has knowledge that its activities concerning the Accused Products infringe one or more claims of the '102 Patent. Further, Defendant provides information and technical support to its customers, including product manuals, brochures, videos, demonstrations, and website materials encouraging its customers to purchase and instructing them to use Defendant's Accused Products (which are acts of direct infringement of the '102 Patent). Alternatively, Defendant knows and/or will know that there is a high probability that the importation, sale, offer for sale, and use of the Accused Products constitutes direct infringement of the '102 Patent but took deliberate actions to avoid learning of these facts.
- 31. On information and belief, Defendant has made no attempt to design around the claims of the '102 Patent.
- 32. On information and belief, Defendant did not have a reasonable basis for believing that the claims of the '102 Patent were invalid.
- 33. On information and belief, Defendant's Accused Products are available to businesses and individuals throughout the United States and in the State of California, including in this District.
 - 34. Lauri has been damaged as the result of Defendant's infringement.
- 35. The claim chart attached hereto as Exhibit C describes how the elements of an exemplary claim 10 from the '102 Patent are infringed by the Accused Products. This provides details regarding only one example of Defendant's infringement, and only as to a single patent claim. Plaintiff reserves its right to amend and fully provide its infringement arguments and evidence thereof until its Preliminary and Final Infringement Contentions are later produced according to the court's scheduling order in this case.

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PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Lauri respectfully requests the following relief:

- A. A judgment that Defendant has directly infringed either literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents and continue to directly infringe the patents-in-suit;
- B. A judgment and order requiring Defendant to pay Plaintiff damages under 35 U.S.C. § 284 including past damages based on, *inter alia*, any necessary compliance with 35 U.S.C. §287, and supplemental damages for any continuing post-verdict infringement through entry of the final judgment with an accounting as needed;
- C. A judgment that this is an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285 and Plaintiff is therefore entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees;
- D. A judgment and order requiring Defendant to pay Plaintiff pre-judgment and postjudgment interest on the damages awarded;
 - E. A judgment and order awarding a compulsory ongoing royalty;
 - F. A judgment and order awarding Plaintiff costs associated with bringing this action; and
 - G. Such other and further relief as the Court deems just and equitable.

Dated: December 14, 2022

Respectfully submitted,

MAHAMEDI IP LAW LLP

/s/ Susan S.Q. Kalra Susan S.Q. Kalra, CA SBN 167940 303 Twin Dolphin Drive, Suite 600 Redwood City, CA 94065 Telephone: (408) 236-6640

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RAMEY LLP /s/ William P. Ramey, III William P. Ramey, III (pro hac vice) 5020 Montrose Blvd., Suite 800 Houston, TX 77006 Telephone: (713) 426-3923 Fax: (832) 689-9175 Email: wramey@rameyfirm.com Attorneys for Plaintiff LAURI VALJAKKA

1 **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL** 2 Pursuant to FED. R. CIV. P. 38, Plaintiff Lauri Valjakka hereby demands a trial by jury 3 on all issues so triable. 4 Dated: December 14, 2022 Respectfully submitted, 5 MAHAMEDI IP LAW LLP 6 /s/ Susan S.Q. Kalra 7 Susan S.Q. Kalra, CA SBN 167940 303 Twin Dolphin Drive, Suite 600 8 Redwood City, CA 94065 9 Telephone: (408) 236-6640 Fax: (408) 236-6641 10 Email: susan@m-iplaw.com 11 12 RAMEY LLP 13 /s/ William P. Ramey, III William P. Ramey, III (pro hac vice) 14 5020 Montrose Blvd., Suite 800 15 Houston, TX 77006 Telephone: (713) 426-3923 16 Fax: (832) 689-9175 Email: wramey@rameyfirm.com 17 18 Attorneys for Plaintiff LAURI VALJAKKA 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 11